[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 5773

J

Unique Paper Code

2162011201

Name of the Paper

Microbiology and Plant - Microbe Interactions

Name of the Course

B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany

Semester

. 11

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. Attempt any four questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. Attempt all parts of a question together.

1. (a) Define the following: (any five)

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- (i) Proteobacteria
- (ii) Firmicutes
- (iii) Viroid
- (iv) Bacteriorhodopsin
- (v) Biofilm
- (vi) Plasmid
- (vii) Phytoplasma

(b) Match the following:

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

- (i) Bacillus sp.
- a. Taq polymerase

(ii) Rhizobium

- b. Rod-shaped bacterium
- (iii) Mycoplasma
- c. Symbiotic nitrogen fixation

(iv) T1 phage

- d. Wall-less form
- (v) Thermus aquaticus
- e. DNA virus

(c) Write true or false against the given statements: $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ (i) Angular leaf spot of cotton is caused by Xanthomonas citri pv. malvacearum. (ii) Tobacco mosaic virus is a ds DNA virus. (iii) Mycorrhiza is an association between a fungi and the roots of higher plants. (iv) Louis Pasteur discovered the Koch's postulates. (v) Aquaspirillum magnetotacticum perceives magnetism. $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 2. Differentiate between: (any three) (a) Prototrophs and Auxotrophs (b) F+ and Hfr strains (c) Archaebacteria and Eubacteria (d) Spheroplasts and Protoplast (e) Gram-positive and Gram-negative cell wall $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ 3. Write short notes on the following: (any three) (a) Generalized transduction (b) Economic importance of viruses (c) Plant growth promoting rhizobacteria (d) Citrus canker disease (e) Endomycorrhiza Draw well labelled diagrams of any three of the following: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$ (a) Bacterial cell structure (b) T2 Bacteriophage

- (c) Lysogenic cycle
- (d) T.S. of root nodule
- Answer the following: (any two)

 $(2 \times 7.5 = 15)$

- (a) Explain genetic transformation in bacteria. What is the transformation frequency reported for Eubacteria?
- (b) What are the types of mycorrhiza and mention their effects on plant growth.
- (c) Give a detailed account of any one viral disease of plants.

[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5794

J

Unique Paper Code

2162011202

Name of the Paper

Plant Resources and Economic Botany

Name of the Course

B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany

Semester

: II

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

2. Attempt four questions in all including Question Number 1 which is compulsory.

- 3. All parts of a question must be answered together.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks.
- 5. Draw labelled diagrams and write the botanical name wherever necessary.
- 1. (a) Mention the botanical name and family of the following (any five): $(1\times5=5)$
 - (i) Black pepper
 - (ii) Fennel
 - (iii) Tea
 - (iv) Soybean
 - (v) Flax
 - (vi) Groundnut
 - (b) Expand the following (any five):

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

- (i) IARI
- (ii) CDRI
- (iii) IRRI
- (iv) SBI
- (v) NBPGR
- (vi) CPRI

3/7	4						
	(c)	Matc	h the follow:	ing (any fiv	e):		$(1\times5=5)$
		(i)	Cotton		(a)	Retting	
		(ii)	Millet		(b)	Ginning	
		(iii)	Jute		(c)	Saffron	
			Sugarcane		(d)	Ratooning	
		` '	Rice		(e)	Ragi	
		(vi)	Shahi Zafra	n	(f)	Caryopsis	
2.	Diff	erenti	ate between	the followin	g (a	ny three) :	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
	(i)	Fatty	oils and ess	ential oils			
	(ii)	Whit	e jute and to	ssa jute			
	(iii)	Black	k tea and gre	een tea			
	(iv)	Cere	als and mille	ts			
3.	Wri	te sho	ort notes on t	he following	g (aı	ny three) :	(5×3=15)
	(i)	Prod	ucts and by-	products of	Sug	arcane Industry	
						ltivated plants	
	. ,					nd ecosystem	
	(iv)	Curi	ng of tobacc	0			
	(v)	Proc	essing of cof	fee			
4.	Dra	w wel	l-labelled di	agrams of th	e fo	llowing giving botanical name	and family
		y thre					$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
	(i)	L.S.	of Clove bu	d			
	(ii)	C.S.	of Potato tu	ber			
	(iii)	L.S.	Wheat grain				
	(iv)	T.S.	Citrus fruit				
5.	(i)	Coco	onut is a mul	ti-purpose p	lant	. Comment on the statement.	(5)
	(ii)					nt part used and chemical cor have studied.	stituents of (5)
	(iii)	Тарр	ing of latex	from para r	ubbe	er tree.	(5)
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[This question paper conta	ins	2 printed pages.]
C 37 00		Your Roll No
Sr. No. of Question Paper	:	5814 J
Unique Paper Code	, :	2162011203
Name of the Paper	:	Plant Systematics
Name of the Course	:	B.Sc. (H) Botany
Semester	:	II
Duration: 2 Hours		Maximum Marks: 60
Instructions for Candida	tes	
		ne top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt FOUR questi		
3. Question No. 1 is com		
4. All questions carry eq	•	•
5. Attempt all parts of a		
Tritompt ari parts of a	que	· ·
(ii) Father of B(iii) Pinax theat(iv) Theorie election(v) Standard six	nica ota ri b nen ze o	al Garden is situated at city.
(ii) Name a pla(iii) Name Basal(iv) An angiospe	uth nt n An	(1×5=5) aur of Systema naturae. ame with Genus epithet, named after a place giosperm which lacks vessels of Binomial nomenclature
(c) Define the follow (i) Vasculum (ii) Out group (iii) Manual (iv) Monophyly	ing	: (any five) (1×5=5)
		लेन्दी महाविद्यालय पुस्तकालय INDI COLLEGE LIBRARY P.T.O.

(v) Heterobathmy

		(vi) Taxonomic literature	
2.	Di	Differentiate between: (any three)	(5×3=15)
	(a)	n) Homonym, Basionym and Tautonym	,
	(b)	n) Natural and Phylogenetic system of Classification	
	(c)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(d)		
3.	Wr	rite short notes on (any three):	(5×3=15)
	(a)	Herbaceous origin of angiosperms	
	(b)	Secondary metabolites in relation to Taxonomy	
	(c)	Importance of Herbarium	
	(d)	Biological species concept	
	(e)	Floras	
4.	(a)	Write a note on Characters and character codin methodology.	g in cladistics
	(b)	Discuss the role of Palynology in relation to Taxonon example.	ny with suitable (8)
5.	(a)	What is type method? Give an account of different 'type plant nomenclature.	es' mentioned in (5)
	(b)	What is APG Classification and discuss about the various system of classification.	versions of APG (5)
	(c)	Interpret the following:	(3)
	∜.	(i) X Triticosecale	
		(ii) Triticum aestivum L. 1753°	
	• • •	(iii) Rosa floribunda cv. Blessings	-•
	(d)	Write alternate name and type genus of Labiatae and com	positae: (2)

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rm.:
[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]
Your Roll No
Sr. No. of Question Paper : 5525
Unique Paper Code : 2162012401
Name of the Paper : Mycology
Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany
Semester : IV – DSC
Duration: 2 Hours Maximum Marks: 60
그는 얼마를 하셨다면 하는데 그 아이를 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 되었다면 하는데
Instructions for Candidates
1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt four questions in all. First question is compulsory.
3. All parts of questions must be answered together.
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1. (a) Define the following citing an example (any five). $(1\times5=5)$
(i) Capillitium (ii) Soredia
(iii) Rhizomorph (iv) Biotrophic fungi
(v) Croizer formation (vi) Dolipore septa
(vii) Haustoria
(b) Fill in the blanks. (0.5×10=5) (i) Parasexuality was discovered by
(ii) is also known as the Drosophila of the fungus world.
(iii) Amphigynous antheriadial development is seen in the genus
end and the golds
(iv) Perfect stage of Penicillium is
(v) Spore bearing layer of fungal tissue is called
(vi) Potato wart is caused by
(vii) Neurospora is commonly known as
(viii) is an example of fungus that forms fairy rings.
(ix) is the most common fungicide for control of fungal
disease in plants.
(x) is a common fungus used for myco-remediation.
(c) Match the following. $(1\times5=5)$
(i) Nematophagous fungus Trichoderma
(ii) Mycoparasite Penicillium

(i) Nematophagous fungus Trichoderma
 (ii) Mycoparasite Penicillium
 (iii) Edible Ascomycete Arthrobotrys
 (iv) Blue mould Rhizopus stolonifer

(v) Fumaric acid Morchella

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 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

2. Draw a well labeled diagram of the following (any three):

	(i)	Sectional view of sexual reproductive structure of Peziza.	
		An enlarged view of sporangium of Stemonitis.	
	(iii)	Section through basidiocarp of Agaricus showing enlarged view	v of gills.
		V.S. of leaf showing asexual reproductive stage in Albugo.	
		Saccharomyces vegetative cell - Electron micrograph.	
3.	Writ	te notes on any three of the following. Draw proper diagram	ns wherever
		essary.	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
		Hyphal modifications in fungi.	
		Mushroom cultivation.	
	(iii)	Bioluminescence.	
	(iv)	Sexual reproduction in Rhizopus sp.	
	(v)	Mycotoxin.	
4.	Diff	ferentiate between the following (any three):	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
	(i)	Cleistothecium and Perithecium	
	(ii)	Zygospore and Oospore	
	(iii)	Holocarpic and Eucarpic Fungi	
	(iv)	Ectomycorrhizae and Endomycorhizae	
	(v)	Unstratified and stratified thallus in Lichens	
_	(-)	"Black Stem Rust Disease" caused by a fungus, completes its	life cycle on
5.	(a)	two different host plants. Elaborate with the help of illustration	
		name of the fungus, its two different host species (Botanical name	
1		and all the spore stages. Write the main reason for the re-	
		wheat rust in India?	(10)
أستند	(c)	Write a short note on different species of edible mushrooms i	n reference to
		their nutrition value.	(5)
6.	(a)	Elaborate the role of fungi in pharmaceutical industry.	(5)
	(b)	Explain the vegetative state of myxomycetes and its various examples.	ous types with (5)
	(c)	Oomycetes are considered as a separate group of organisms fungi? Elaborate.	s from the true (5)
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		그녀에는 그렇게 그렇게 어느 아니는 아니는 아이들이 나는 아이들이 아니는 아니는 아니는 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니는 아이들이 아니는	

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 5565

J

Unique Paper Code

2162013603

Name of the Paper

Advanced Tools and Analytical Techniques in Plant

Biology

Name of the Course

B. Sc. (Hons) Botany

Semester

VI

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. Attempt four questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks

1. (a) Write the role of (any five):

(5)

- (i) Bis-acrylamide in PAGE
- (ii) Monochromator
- (iii) Immersion oil
- (iv) Electron gun

(v)	Osmium tetraoxide								
(vi)	Primer								
(b) True	or false (any five):		(5)						
(i)	(i) Separation of molecules in paper chromatography is based or liquid partitioning.								
(ii)	SEM require higher electric power (voltage) than TEM.								
(iii)	In isopycnic centrifugation the maximum density in the gradient exceeds the density of the particles to be separated.								
(iv)	v) Western blotting is used for the separation and analysis of RNA								
(v)	Both, Taq and Pfu DNA po	lyme	rase are thermostable.						
(vi)	G-banding shows darker ba	nds at	G/C rich region of the chromosome.						
(c) Match	the following:		(5)						
(i)	Spectrophotometer	(a)	Tswett						
(ii)	Electron Microscope	(b)	Edwin						
(iii)	Chromatography	(c)	Knoll and Ruska						
(iv)	Ultracentrifugation	(d)	Beer and Lambert						

(v) Southern blotting

(e) Svedberg

2. Discuss the following (any three):

(3x5 = 15)

- (a) Selection of cuvette during Visible, UV and IR spectrophotometry.
- (b) How and why temperature, pH and osmotic potential are regulated during tissue homogenization?
- (c) What is centrifugation force? Discuss the factors on which it depends.
- (d) FISH Technique and its application.
- 3. Discuss the following (any three):

(3x5=15)

- (a) Discuss the importance and limitations of freeze fracture technique.
- (b) What is negative staining? Give an example.
- (c) Selection of sucrose or caesium chloride as density gradient medium.
- (d) Discuss the key steps involve in PCR Technique
- 4. (a) With the help of suitable diagram briefly discuss the principle, functioning and applications of Column chromatography. (10)
 - (b) What are radioisotopes? Name any three radioisotope elements used in biological research. Give an example for each. (5)

5. (a) What is DNA polymorphism? Briefly explain the techniques and applications of RFLP, and AFLP. (10)

(b) Role of SDS and TEMED in PAGE.

(5)

6. What are the differences between Southern, Northern, and Western blotting techniques? Briefly describe their applications. (15)

[This question paper contai	ns 2 printed pages 1
	Your Roll No
Sr. No. of Question Paper	: 5966
Unique Paper Code	: 2162521201
Name of the Paper	: Genetics and Molecular Biology
Name of the Course	: B.Sc. Life Science Botany DSC
Semester	: II context order because site of the second
Duration: 2 Hours	Maximum Marks: 60
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Instructions for Candidat	<u> </u>
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	pulsory process was bon charged a state of the souli
2. Question ivo. 1415 comp	in all
그렇게 하는 그 아이를 쓰는데, 그런데 하는데 하다면 하다.	
4. Attempt all the parts of	of a question together.
	The Property of the section of the s
1. (a) Fill in the blanks:	
(i) Chromosom	e theory of inheritance was given by
(ii) Number of	base pairs per turn in B-DNA is
(iii) ORF stands	for
(iv)	site in the ribosome is the site where peptidyl tRNA attaches
	ation.
(v) Alleles of d	ifferent genes that are present on the same chromosome
	group.
(1) D.C., five o	f the following: $(1\times5=5)$
(b) Define any five o (i) Okazaki frag	
(ii) DNA Polym	트리스트 - 그는 이렇게 그렇다는 요즘 다른 요즘을 돼 하셨습니다. 다른가 있는 사람들은 지나를 하시다고 모르는데
(iii) Lethal mutat	하는 사업자 전에 가는 어머니는 그 아이들은 그들을 하면서 그 없는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다면 가장 가장 얼마나 되었다. 그는 사람이 되었다면 그렇지 않는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 사람이 없다면 살아 없었다면 살아 없다면 살아요니다면 살
(iv) Duplicate ge	과 이 경찰 보고 있는 사람들이 모든 사람들이 되었다면 하는 사람들이 되었다면 되었다면 하는데 없다는 것이다.
(v) Replication	
(vi) Genetic cod	적임가 하는 그리아무슨 모양하는 그들까요? 그 그렇게 그리는 그 그는 그 그리는 그는 그리는 점점 하면 하다.

	(c)	Matc	h the following:		$(1\times5=5)$
		(i)	Gregor Johann Mendel	concept of gene	
		(ii)	Watson and Crick	Mutations	
			Wilhelm Johannsen	ABO blood group	4/4
			Hugo de Vries	Structure of DNA	
		(v)	Karl Landsteiner	Principles of inheritance	
2.	Wri	te sho	rt notes on the following (n	ny three):	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
, Ti	(Dr	aw api	propriate diagrams and give	examples wherever necessary	/)
		tRNA			
	` '	Epista			
			procal Translocation		
			posons		
	(v)	Mutag	gens		
3.	Diff	erentia	ate between any three of the	e following:	$(5 \times 3 = 15)$
	(Dra	w app	ropriate diagrams and give	examples wherever necessary	/)
			plete dominance and Co-do		
			ge and Crossing Over		
			olyploidy and allopolyploidy	r maine William Section and the little	
			polymerase I, II and III		
	(v)	Positiv	ve and negative regulation of	of Lactose Operon	
1. I	Expl	ain an	y three of the following wi	th the help of diagrams.	$(5\times3=15)$
	_		ation in Prokaryotes		
		Attenu		BR TENEROUSE FRANCE TO	
	` /		discontinuous replication of	DNA	
			ntric inversion heterozygote		
i. (i				ecular biology? Explain the	
	(except	ions to this dogma.	Committee of the committee of	(5)
(l) V	What is	s pleiotropism? Explain how	is it different from Polygenic	inheritance
	V	vith th	e help of suitable examples		(7)
(c	e) S	State M	Mendel's law of independen	t assortment.	(3)
. (a) Г)escril	he the experiment to prov	e the semi-conservative mo	de of DNA
. (4	· .	eplicat			(6)
(b) E	Explair	the inheritance of plastids	in Mirabilis jalapa (Four O'	clock plant)
	W	ith th	e help of suitable diagrams.	of collections were	(6)
(c) [Discuss	s in brief the cis-trans comp	olementation test.	(3)
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(A)

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5585

J

Unique Paper Code

2162012402

Name of the Paper

: Ecology and Conservation

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (H) Botany

Semester

: IV

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll. No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt four questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. All parts of a question should be answered together.
- 1. (a) Define the following (any six): (1.5x 6=9)
 - (a) Pedogenesis

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(b)

- (b) Carrying capacity (c) Photoperiodism (d) Water table (e) Sacred groves (f) Continental drift (g) Field capacity (h) Phytogeography Match the following: (i) Ecotone (a) Cryopreservation (i) Gene banks (b) Genetically fixed variations (iii) Ecotypes (c) Partially decomposed litter (iv) Mortality rate (d) Mangroves (v) Duff (e) Edge effect (vi) Halophytes (f) Survivorship curves Differentiate between (any five): (3x5=15)
- 2.
 - (a) Primary productivity and secondary productivity

- (b) Food chain and food web
- (c) Artificial and natural ecosystems
- (d) Heliophytes and sciophytes
- (e) Gravitational water and capillary water
- (f) Palaeoendemics and neo-endemics
- (g) Alluvial and colluvial soil
- 3. Write short notes on the following (any three): (5x3=15)
 - (a) Theory of tolerance
 - (b) Synthetic characters of a community
 - (c) In situ and ex situ conservation strategies
 - (d) Negative biotic interactions
 - (e) Thermal stratification in water bodies
- 4. (a) What is ecological succession? Explain the general process of succession. (7)
 - (b) What is soil profile? Explain the various horizons with the help of a suitable diagram. (8)

- 5. (a) Give a brief account on regulation of population density. Discuss in detail r-selected and k- selected populations. (3+4=7)
 - (b) What are biogeochemical cycles? What roles biogeochemical cycles play in an ecosystem? Discuss carbon cycle in detail with the help of a well labelled outline diagram. (1+2+5=8)

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[This question	paper contains 2	2 printed pages.] Your Roll No
Sr. No. of Que	stion Paper :	5664 J
Unique Paper	Code :	2162012403
Name of the I		Developmental Biology of Angiosperms: Form, Anatomy and Function
Name of the C	Course :	Botany
Semester	4	IV
Duration: 2 H	ours	Maximum Marks: 60
 Write you Attempt F All parts Question 	Four questions in of questions mus No. 1 is compuls	e top immediately on receipt of this question paper. a all. All questions carry equal marks. t be attempted together. sory. ms wherever necessary.
(a) (b) (c)	Sclereids with d	is a commonly used clearing agent. ilated ends resembling bones are called iginate from
	그렇게 되고 사꾸 어려워졌는 것 같아.	ves show special type of anatomy known as
(f)	Water secretion	from margins of leaves occur through pores called
(g)	associated with a cell.	is a specialized parenchyma cell which is a sieve tube element and arises from the same mother $(5 \times 1=5)$
B. Defin	ne the following (any five):
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Transfer cells Rhytidome Bulliform cells Phloem wedges Periderm Maceration	
(g)	Quiescent centre	e (5×1=5)

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- C. Give one word for the following (any five):(a) Needle shaped crystals of calcium oxalate found in many plants.(b) The time interval between the formation of one leaf primordium and
 - the next
 (c) In wood, elements of xylem are blocked by balloon-like ingrowths.
 - (d) Vascular bundles with phloem on either side of xylem.
 - (e) A multicellular epidermal layer found around orchid roots consisting of dead cells with lignified secondary cell walls.
 - (f) Suberin thickening bands in endodermal cells.
 - (g) Phloem patches enclosed within secondary xylem. $(5 \times 1 = 5)$
- 2. Write short notes on the following (any three):
 - (a) Classification of stomata by Metcalfe and Chalk
 - (b) Seasonal activity of cambium
 - (c) Secretory system in plants
 - (d) Korper-Kappe theory
 - (e) Application of Plant Anatomy in Forensics

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 3. Differentiate between the following (any three):
 - (a) Monocot and dicot stem
 - (b) Tracheids and Vessels
 - (c) Sapwood and Heartwood
 - (d) Stratified and Non-stratified Cambium
- 4. Draw well labelled diagrams of the following (any three):
 - (a) V.S. Zea mays leaf
 - (b) T.S. Helianthus root
 - (c) V.S. of Ficus leaf showing lithocyst
 - (d) L.S. of Root Apex

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 5. (a) Describe the structure and function of simple tissues with well labelled diagrams. (8)
 - (b) Discuss secondary growth in dicot stem along with suitable diagrams. (7)
- 6. (a) What are the characteristic features of meristematic cells? Give a brief account of any three theories for the organization of Shoot Apical Meristem. (8)
 - (b) Give a detailed account of anatomical adaptations in stem of a xerophytic plant with well labelled diagram. (7)

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Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5692

J

Unique Paper Code

: 2163012003

Name of the Paper

Applied Phycology

Name of the Course

Botany (DSE)

Semester

IV

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. Attempt four questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. Attempt all parts of a question together.

1	(A)	Fill in	the	blanks	(anv	five)
1.	(Δ)	1 111 111	tiic	Ulanks	(411)	11.0

5x1=5

- (a) _____ are polymers composed of the uronic acids, D-mannuronic acid and L-guluronic acid.
- (b) Iodine can be readily obtained from _____ (give botanical name of the alga/class).
- (c) _____ is a common freshwater unicellular green alga with cup shaped chloroplast.
- (d) _____ alga is responsible for red colour of snow.
- (e) _____ is a monomeric sugar alcohol used by brown seaweeds as a reserve food.
- (f) _____ is a unicellular green alga which contains large amounts of β -carotene, glycerol, and protein and it can be cultured in highly saline water.

(g) Algae often float o during the night d during photosynthe	n the surface of water during the due to the evolution and trapping esis.	ay but sink down of
(h) is a generations.	model marine alga used to stud	ly alternation of
(B) Match the following (an	y five)	$(5 \times 1 = 5)$
a) Porphyra	Agar	
b) Haematococcus	Carrageenan	
c) Gracilaria	Nori	
d) Kappaphycus	Space food	
e) Chlorella	Beta-carotene	
f) Dunaliella salina	Pond Silk	
g) Spirogyra	Astaxanthin	
(C) Expand the following (a)	ny five)	(5×1=5)
(a) MUFA		
(b) ESW Medium		
(c) DDT		
(d) PAR		
(e) BOD		
(f) ROS		
(g) PAH		
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569	92	3	
2.	Bri	efly describe (any three)	(5×3=15)
	(a)	Pharmaceutical application of algae	an andy Republication
	(b)	Algal Biorefinery	
	(c)	Nutritional value of seaweeds	i Mayay Stranger
	(d)	Algae as fodder	
	(e)	Role of nanotechnology in algal research	
3.	Giv	ving one example, define any ten:	(10×1.5=15)
	(a)	Seaweed liquid extract	
	(b)	Mannitol	
	(c)	Shellfish poisoning	
	(d)	Phyco-bioremediators	
	(e)	Single cell protein	
	(f)	Algal symbiosis	
	(g)	Algal Bioplastic	
	(h)	Bioluminescence	
	(i)	Pollution Indicator	
	(j)	Red tides	
	(k)	Secondary metabolites	
	(1)	Raft culture of seaweeds	

Attempt any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

(a) With the help of a suitable diagram explain various part of Acetabularia.

- (b) Draw a well labelled diagram of a typical raceway pond
- (c) Briefly discuss various application of Diatomaceous Earth
- (d) Algal biofertilizers
- (e) Gene sequencing and algal systematics

5. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 7.5 = 15)$

- (a) Explain briefly any five major water pollutants, along with their sources, harmful effects, and name the algae, which can be used for their remediation.
- (b) Algae are a crucial component in various cosmetics and the nutraceutical industry. Justify this statement by providing suitable examples from both microalgae and macroalgae.
- (c) Define biofuels and their various generations. Emphasize the advantages and challenges faced by the algal biofuel industry, providing suitable examples.

(%)

[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 5505

J

Unique Paper Code

: 2162013601

Name of the Paper

Plant Biotechnology

Name of the Course

Botany: DSC 16

Semester

VI

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

- 2. Attempt any four questions in all.
- 3 Question number one is compulsory.
- 4. Attempt all parts of a question together.

1. Answer the following questions

(15)

(a) Expand the following (any five)

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

(i) GUS

- (ii) TALEN
- (iii) NIPGR
- (iv) CRISPR

(v) pUC

(vi) IAA

(b) Match the following (any five):

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

(i) Androgenesis	a) Gottlieb Haberlandt
(ii) Enzymatic method for protoplast isolation	b) Anand Mohan Chakrabarty
(iii) Father of Plant Tissue Culture	c) E. C. Cocking
(iv) Scorable marker	d) Sipra Guha and S.C. Maheshwari
(v) Superbug	e) GFP gene
(vi) Selectable marker	f) nptII gene

(c) Define the following (any five):

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

- (i) Explant
- (ii) Redifferentiation

(iii) Probe

- (iv) Alkaline Phosphatase
- (v) Totipotency
- (vi) Protoplast

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2. Differentiate between the following (any three):

 $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

어려움이다. 조심 그 아이가 아이는 사람이 모르는 그 사고	그 아들이 있는 성이 없는 이번째 없는 이 그들이 작가 되는 이 이 이번 바닷컴부터 가장을 하는 경험을 하고 하고 있다.
(ii) Cloning vector and E	xpression vector
(iii) Blunt-end and Sticky	end restriction endonucleases
(iv) Somatic hybrid and C	ybrids
(v) Selectable marker ge	nes and Reporter genes.
3. Write short notes on the f	ollowing (any three): $(5\times3=15)$
(i) Edible vaccines	
(ii) Restriction endonucle	ases
(iii) Agrobacterium-media	ted transformation
(iv) Somatic embryogenes	is
(v) Biosafety of transgen	ic plants
4. Discuss in detail.	(15)
PS를 제다고 함께 하는 이번에 된 요요. (1500년 2016년 2017년 120년 120년 120년 120년 120년 120년 120년 120	of the process involved in development of transgenic elp of suitable diagram. Discuss its advantages and (8)
(b) Enumerate the detail with its applications.	ed process of protoplast isolation and culture, along (7)
5. Answer the following ques	tions: (15)
시계 하는 10. 1년이 요즘 얼마 그는 마음을 다시하는 다양되었다. 모모스다	g with a gene obtained the following DNA fragment with the restriction enzymes EcoRI and HindIII: 5.0 kb, 3.0 kb
• HindIII: 9.5 kb	y, 6.0 kb, 1.0 kb (II (double digestion): 6.0 kb, 4.0 kb, 3.0 kb, 2.5 kb,
Using the above data	, construct a restriction map. (8)
(b) Draw well-labelled d	agram of (any two): $(3.5\times2=7)$
(i) Biolistic gene gr	ın
(ii) Androgenesis	
(iii) YAC कार् KA	लेन्दी महाविद्यालय पुस्तकालय (1000) JINDI COLLEGE LIBRARY

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	Your Roll No
Sr. No. of Question Paper:	5545 J
Unique Paper Code :	2162013602
Name of the Paper :	Plant Biochemistry and Metabolism
Name of the Course :	Botany
Semester :	VI
Duration: 2 Hours	Maximum Marks: 60
Instructions for Candidates	
1. Write your Roll No. on	he top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt four questions parts of a question toget	in all. Question Number 1 is compulsory. Answer all her.
1. (a) Fill in the blanks:	(5x1=5)
(i) Chemiosmotio	theory for the synthesis of ATP was proposed by
	of ATP produced when a molecule of acetyl-CoA is idized is equal to
공연생이 그리다면 하는 이 그리는 사람들이 하나 가다.	atalyzes the cleavage of isocitrate into glyoxylate and yoxylate metabolism is
	ght of higher wavelength light by chlorophyll pigments to blue light is called
(v) Glycolysis tak	es place inof the plant cell.
(b) Expand the following	g: (5x1=5)
(i) FAD	
(ii) LHC	
(iii) GTP	
(iv) RUBISCO	

(v) ACP

	(c)	Define (Any five)	(5x1=5)
		(i) Reaction centre	
		(ii) Alpha oxidation	
		(iii) Apoenzyme	
		(iv) Absorption Spectrum	
		(v) Michaelis Menten Constant	
		(vi) Fermentation	
		(vii) Saturated fatty acids	
2.	Dif	ferentiate between the following (Any five):	(5x3=15)
	(a)	Cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation	
	(b)	Competitive and allosteric enzyme inhibition	
	(c)	Substrate level phosphorylation and oxidative phosphorylation	
	(d)	Nitrate reductase and nitrite reductase	
	(e)	Light reaction and dark reaction of photosynthesis	
	(f)	Synthesis of sucrose and starch	
3.	Wr	rite short notes on the following (Any three):	(5x3=15)
	(a)	Coupled reaction	
	(b)	Ammonia assimilation	
	(c)	Photorespiration	
	(d)	Emerson enhancement effect	
	(e)	Cyanide resistant respiration	
4.	(a)	Explain the carbon fixation process in C4 plants. How is it different plants?	from C3 (8)
	(b)	Describe the Citric acid cycle (with the help of flowchart).	(7)
5.	(a)	Explain oxidative pentose phosphate pathway through a schematic Give its significance to plants.	diagram. (8)
	(b)	Discuss the process of Beta-oxidation of fatty acids in a plant ce	
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[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper 8047

Unique Paper Code

2163010009

Name of the Paper

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Name of the Course

Botany

Semester

VI

Duration: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instructions for Candidates

Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper. 1.

Attempt any four questions in all. 2.

Ouestion No. 1 is compulsory. 3.

All parts of a question should be answered together. 4.

Draw graphics wherever required. 5.

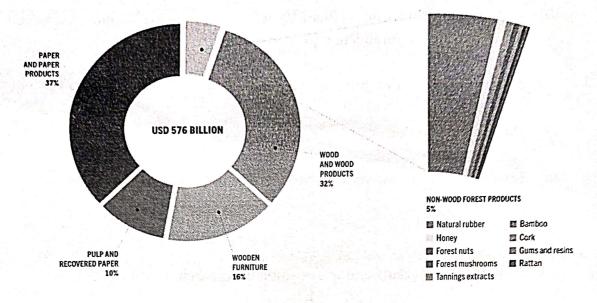
(a) Name the appropriate research tool/method (any five): (1x5 = 5)1.

- (a) A commonly used data analysis software/package.
- (b) Statistical test for comparing means of two groups.
- (c) An author-date format used for citations.
- (d) A bibliographic database for science that retrieves author information.

	(e)	A plagiarism checking software/tool.	
	(f)	A method of data collection.	
(b)	Fill i	in the blanks (any five):	(1x5=5)
	(a)	The section is where the author thanks organizations that helped with the research.	s individuals or
	(b)	Any attempt/s where exclusive permission from the connot sought is referred to as	pyright owner is
	(c)	A is an exclusive right granted for an in	vention.
	(d)) Identification of is the first step in any re	esearch process.
	(e)) Data is often presented visually using ar	ıd
	(f)	The strategy is used to choose a subsetunder study for data collection.	t of population
(c)	Defir	ine the following terms briefly (any five):	(1x5=5)
	(a)) Plagiarism	
	(b)	Citation Comments and Comments	
	(c)) Geographical Indication	
	(d)) Validation	
	(e)) Research Design	
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(a) Define research and discuss the different methods of data collection with 2. (10)suitable examples. (b) Explain the Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act in India (5)with reference to intellectual property rights. (3x5 = 15)3. Write short notes for any three (cite examples): Data representation (b) Literature review and its significance Biopiracy (d) Importance of grants and fellowships in research (3x5 = 15)Differentiate between the given terms (any three): Research Methods and Research Methodology Trademark and Copyright (c) Research Paper and Review Paper (d) Correlation and Regression Discuss the key features of the IMRAD format of research paper explaining the (15)content of each section. Answer the following questions based on the following graphic: 6. (a) Write a paragraph explaining the graphic (200 words). (9) (b) Interpret the data highlighting key findings. (6)

SHARE OF GLOBAL FOREST PRODUCT EXPORTS, BY PRODUCT CATEGORY, 2022



NOTE: Wood = unprocessed wood (roundwood, also called "wood in the rough"; it includes logs, pulpwood, other industrial roundwood and woodfuell; wood products = all transformed/processed products except furniture (charcoal, chips, pellets and briquettes, sawnwood, panels and further processed wood products such as prefabricated wooden houses, doors and window frames). Wooden furniture is also a wood product but is shown here as a separate category.

SOURCES: FAO. 2023. FAOSTAT: Forestry Production and Trade. [Accessed on 29 December 2023]. https://www.fao.org/faostat/en/#data/FO. Licence: CC-BY-4.0.;

and UN Comtrade. 2023. United Nations Commodity Trade Statistics Database. (Accessed on 29 December 2023). https://comtradeplus.un.org/