## **CURRICULAM PLAN**

**Even Semester (2020-21)** 

B.Sc. (H) Chemistry II year, Sem IV

Name of the teacher: **Dr. Shilpika Bali Mehta** 

Name of Paper: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – III, Nitrogen containing functional groups,

Polynuclear Hydrocarbons, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Alkaloids and Terpenes.

**UPC: 32171402** 

	Allocation of Lectures	Month wise schedule to be followed	Tutorial/Assignment s/Presentation etc
Unit 1:  Nitrogen Containing Functional Groups: Preparation, properties and important reactions of amines and diazonium salts, nitro compounds, nitriles and isonitriles.  A) Amines: Introduction, classification, chirality in amines (pyramidal inversion), importance and general methods of preparation. Properties: Physical properties, Basicity of amines: Effect of substituents, solvent and steric effects. Distinction between Primary, secondary and tertiary amines using Hinsberg's method and nitrous acid. Discussion of the following reactions with emphasis on the mechanistic pathway: Gabriel Phthalimide synthesis, Hoffmann-Bromamide reaction, Carbylamine reaction, Mannich reaction, Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation, Hofmann-elimination reaction and Cope elimination. Diazonium Salts: Preparation and synthetic applications of diazonium salts including preparation of arenes, haloarenes, phenols, cyano and nitro compounds. Coupling reactions of diazonium salts(preparation of azo dyes).  B) Nitro compounds (Aliphatic and Aromatic):Nomenclature, classification and general methods of preparation: from alkyl halides, alkanes, oxidation of amines and oximes and diazonium salts.	18	1 <sup>st</sup> week of Jan – 1 <sup>st</sup> week of Feb	<ul> <li>Syllabus Overview</li> <li>Books Suggestions</li> <li>Related Examples and Problems</li> </ul>

on the following reactions with			
mechanism: Reaction with alkali and its			
synthetic applications, condensation			
reaction, Mannich reaction, Hydrolysis,Reduction-electrolytic			
reduction, reduction in acidic, basic and			
neutral medium (for aromatic			
compounds),reaction with nitrous acid,			
Electrophilic substitution-Halogenation,			
nitration and sulphonation reaction, and			
Nucleophilic substitution on the ring.			
C) Nitriles: Introduction, Nomenclature and uses. Preparation from the following			
reactions: Dehydration of amides and			
aldoximes, substitution reaction in alkyl			
halides and tosylates, from Grignard			
reagents and from dehydrogenation of			
primary amines. Properties: Physical properties, discussion on the following			
reactions with mechanism: Reaction with			
Grignard reagent, hydrolysis, addition			
reaction with HX,NH3,reaction with			
aqueous ROH, Reduction reactions-			
catalytic reduction and Stephen's reaction, Condensation reactions-Thorpe Nitrile			
Condensation.			
D) Isonitriles: Introduction, Nomenclature			
and uses. Preparation from the following			
reactions: Carbylamine reaction,			
substitution in alkyl halides and			
dehydrogenation of N-substituted			
formamides. Properties: Physical properties, discussion on the following			
reactions with mechanism: Hydrolysis,			
reduction, addition of HX, X2 and			
sulphur, Grignard reaction, oxidation and			
rearrangement.			
Unit 2:	16	2 <sup>nd</sup> week of Feb- 1 <sup>st</sup> week	Group Discussions
Polynuclear Hydrocarbons		of March	Previous year  Overtion paper's
Introduction, Classification, Structure,			Question paper's solving
Nomenclature and uses. Aromaticity of			Related Examples
polynuclear hydrocarbons, structure			and Problems
elucidation of Naphthalene and general			

methods of preparation of naphthalene, phenanthrene and anthracene (including Haworth method, Friedel Craft acylation, Diels Alder reaction, Elbs reaction and Pschorr Synthesis). Relative reactivity of naphthalene, phenanthrene and anthracene in comparison to benzene. Properties: Physical properties, discussion on the following reaction (with mechanism) for Naphthalene, Anthracene and Phenanthrene: Addition reactions, Oxidation, Electrophilic substitution-Friedel Craft reaction, Chloromethylation, Halogenation, Formylation, Nitration and sulphonation. Reduction reaction and Diels Alder reaction.  Unit 3:  Heterocyclic Compounds  Introduction, importance, classification and nomenclature of heterocyclic compounds (containing only one hetero atom). General discussion on the following aspects of heterocyclic compounds: Structure, aromaticity in 5-membered and 6-membered rings containing one heteroatom; Basicity and relative reactivity towards electrophilic substitution reactions(amongst five membered and six membered rings)			• Assignments Allocation
Unit 3 (continued):  General methods of synthesis for: Furan, Pyrrole (Paal-Knorr synthesis, Knorr pyrrole synthesis, Hantzsch synthesis), Thiophene, Pyridine (Hantzsch synthesis), Indole(Fischer indole synthesis and Madelung synthesis, reduction of onitrobenzaldehyde), Quinoline and isoquinoline, (Skraup synthesis, Friedlander's synthesis, Knorr quinoline synthesis, Doebner-Miller synthesis, Bischler-Napieralski reaction, Pictet-	14	2 <sup>nd</sup> week of March – 1 <sup>st</sup> week of April	<ul> <li>Group Discussions</li> <li>Previous year         Question paper's solving     </li> <li>Related Examples and Problems</li> </ul>

Spengler reaction, Pomeranz-Fritsch reaction) Properties: Physical properties, discussion on the following reaction (with mechanism) for Furan, Pyrrole, thiophene, Pyridine, Indole, Quinoline and Isoquinoline: Electrophilic substitution-Nitration, sulphonation, halogenation, Formylation, acylation, mercuration and carboxylation. Oxidation, Reduction, Addition, Reactions showing acidic /basic character.Reaction with diazonium salts, Ring opening, Ring expansion and Nucleophilic substitution reaction wherever applicable should be discussed			
Unit 4: Alkaloids Introduction, Natural occurrence, Classification, Uses, general structural features, general methods for structure elucidation including Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation and Emde's method. Structure elucidation, synthesis and physiological action of Nicotine.	12	2 <sup>nd</sup> week of April – 4 <sup>th</sup> week of April	<ul> <li>Assignment Results Discussion</li> <li>Doubts Resolved</li> <li>Previous year Question paper's solving</li> </ul>
Unit 5:			
Terpenes			
Introduction, Occurrence, Uses, classification, isoprene and special isoprene rule; general methods of structure elucidation including distinction between isopropylidene and isopropenyl group, Elucidation of structure, synthesis and industrial application of Citral.			

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